MEDENTIAL

COURTRY: Philippines

SUBJECT: 29/t040ects for Tire Manufacture

SOURCE 1

- 1. The Philippines require 120,000 passenger and 240,000 truck tires annually. Other types of tires such as motorcycle, tractor, airplane, and industrial are used in unimportant quantities.
- This volume would normally support an efficient factory, but poor 2. sconomic prospects and an unreliable government have discouraged U.S. manufacturers from entering the production field.
- 3. A locally owned factory is being put in operation. It was claimed that production would be under way in October 1952, but when I left that month there were no tires on the market nor were price lists available. An eventual production of 300-400 tires daily was planned. I was told by the wife of Jose Marcelo, the head of the company, that only four sizes would be made; 600-16, 670-15, 750-20, and 825-20.
- 4. Marcelo was sent to the U.S. by Rojas for training. He studied rubber chemistry at Akron University and worked for one of the rubber companies there.
- The tire machinery was purchased from a tire plant in Mexico that was 5. being closed down and is reported to be obsolete [collector's note: production men who have seen the machinery describe it as junk]
- Marcelo tried to interest my company in supplying technical help. Ap-6. parently he was refused by the major U.S. manufacturers as he had a representative of a small U.S. tire manufacturer at the plant for a time and claims to have some engineers at the U.S. factory for thining.
- Another shoe manufacturer periodically announces they will produce 100 7. tires daily, but I have been unable to confirm they have any equipment.
- Such manufacturing ventures can not be protected by tariff under the 8. Bell Act but can be favored by denial of import licenses for foreign made goods. Janes - Agetors

TYPE ACT-DATE INFO-TFR-DATE AREA

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